VOL. VIII, PP. 1-8

APRIL 22, 1893

PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

BIOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF WASHINGTON.

A JUMPING MOUSE (ZAPUS INSIGNIS MILLER), NEW TO THE UNITED STATES.

BY GERRIT S. MILLER, JR.

Zapus insignis, hitherto known only from New Brunswick and Nova Scotia,* is locally common in the eastern United States, and will probably be found to be very generally distributed in the eastern part of the Canadian fauna. The specimens that have thus far come to my notice number forty-two. Of these, the type and two others were collected by E. A. Bangs on the Restigouche river, New Brunswick, in September, 1880; one was taken in Northumberland county, N. B., in June, 1892, by Gerrit S. Miller, and two (Nos. 4061 and 5785, collection of Dr. C. Hart Merriam) were collected at Godbout, P. Q., Canada, by Napoleon A. Comeau. The remainder were taken in the United States, as follows: Eleven by Mr. Frank Bolles at Chocorua, N. H., in September, 1892; two by Mr. C. F. Batchelder at Keene, Essex county, N. Y., in August, 1890; four at Elizabethtown, Essex county, N. Y., and nineteen at Peterboro, Madison county, N. Y. by the writer during the spring and summer of 1892.

With the possible exception of Mr. Comeau's specimens, of whose history 1 am ignorant, these were all taken in the woods, and generally close to water. The banks of running streams are

^{*}See American Naturalist, xxv, August, 1891, 472.

¹⁻BIOL. SOC. WASH., VOL. VIII, 1893.

especially attractive to these animals; many that I have caught actually sprang into the water in their death struggles. In such places they may be taken without difficulty in traps baited with rolled oatmeal, after these have been left in one place long enough to thin out the white-footed mice and short-tailed shrews. In my experience Zapus insignis is wholly a dweller in deep woods, never venturing out into grass fields and damp pastures, such as Z. hudsonius delights in, and avoiding thinly wooded places in general. Zapus hudsonius, on the other hand, seldom penetrates far into the woods, and the two species are not often found together, though I have several times taken both in the same traps on successive days, near the edge of some meadow or clearing. Dawson states that both kinds of jumping mice are found in grain fields near Halifax and Pietou, N.S. He adds, however, that the smaller species (i. e., Z. hudsonius) is in such places much the more common and easily observed.

The original description of this species, based on three specimens somewhat faded by grease and age, was necessarily incomplete, and in some respects misleading. Hence it seems advisable to redescribe the animal, that there may be no future difficulty in recognizing it.

Zapus insignis Miller.

Meriones labradorius Dawson. Edinburgh New Phil, Journ., iii, 1856, 2. Zapus insignis Miller. American Naturalist, xxv, August, 1891, 472.

Sp. Ch. Larger than Zapus hudsonius Zimmerman, with longer ears and paler, more fulvous coloration; tail when uninjured always tipped with white; teeth, i. $\frac{1-1}{1-1}$, pm. $\frac{0-0}{0-0}$, m. $\frac{3-3}{3-3}$ = 16.

Adult male (No. 1455, collection of G. S. Miller, Jr., Peterboro, N. Y., August 22, 1892); length, 250; tail vertebræ, 154; hind foot, 31.6; ear from notch, 18.6. Tip of tail for 23 mm., dorsum of manus and pes, and entire ventral surface pure white to base of hairs; sides buff-yellow, tinged with clay color, except on cheeks, fore neck, and a narrow line bordering white of belly, where the yellow is noticeably purer; the fur plumbeous gray at base and a trifle sprinkled with blackish bristly hairs. These blackish hairs predominate on the back, where they form a sharply defined dorsal stripe slightly mixed with the color of the sides, broadest just back of the shoulders, tapering gradually

New to the United States.

to base of tail, and becoming indistinct on the head after passing between the ears. Ears externally concolor with back, internally buff-yellow; muzzle grayish brown; whiskers mixed brownish and whitish, the longest hairs reaching beyond shoulders; tail thinly haired, so that the annulation shows distinctly, sharply bicolor, dark brown, except ventrally and at tip.

Among the specimens of Zapus insignis that I have examined I find but little individual variation in color. That which occurs seems to be due chiefly to season, spring specimens having the sides brighter fulvous than those taken in the autumn and late summer. The dorsal stripe is darker and more sharply defined in some specimens than in others, the variation being caused by the relative quantities of blackish and fulvous hairs. In specimens with perfect tails the extent of the white tip varies from 30 mm. down to a mere trace; but the latter condition is rare, occurring only twice in the series before me, most tails showing from 10 mm. to 20 mm. of white.

The four males taken at Elizabethtown, N. Y., in April are brighter colored than the type and have apparently longer ears. These discrepancies are probably due entirely to the different condition of the specimens. Skins taken at Peterboro, N. Y., late in August and early in September are nearly as dull as the three from Restigouche, while the June specimen from Northumberland county, N. B., less than one hundred miles from the type locality, is fully as bright as any that I have seen. This specimen (No. 1438) is alcoholic, but the comparison was made a few days after its capture. The ear of No. 1438 is somewhat longer than that of an alcoholic specimen (No. 2000) from Peterboro, while the ears of Mr. Batchelder's specimens from Keene, N. Y., measure dry only a triffe more than the ears of the Restigouche skins.

On comparing thirty-eight skins of Zapus insignis with about one hundred specimens of Z, hudsonius from various parts of New Brunswick and the eastern United States, the paler, more fulvous coloration of the former at once strikes the eye. The ground color of the lateral stripe in hudsonius is more strongly tinged with elay color and is much more plentifully interspersed with black bristly hairs. There is no tendency in hudsonius to form the clear yellow area on the sides of the head and fore neck so conspicuous in Z. iusignis. In the former, however, the clear yellow line separating the lateral stripe from the white of the belly is apt to be more strongly defined and of a somewhat darker shade. Z. insignis is always pure white beneath, never showing a trace of the buffy suffusion commonly seen in Z. hudsonius. Yellow is the prevailing color on the head of insignis, while in hudsonius the black hairs are the more numerous on the head and face. The gray muzzle is much paler in insignis than in hudsonius. The ears of the two species differ notably in color as well as in size, those of Z. hudsonius being more thickly haired and blackish throughout, except for a sprinkling of yellowish hairs on the outside and a narrow, pale—sometimes white—border, while in Z. insignis the ears are lined with yellow and clothed outside with dusky and yellow hairs in about equal proportions, the latter forming a pale though never white edging.

Two young examples of Z. hudsonius (& jur. No. 1432 and & jur. No. 1433 Neterboro, N. Y., August 1, 1892), otherwise perfectly typical, have 8 mm of the distal end of the tail white. These are the only specimens of the species in which I have seen the slightest indication of this character, but it is to be expected since most of our small mammals occasionally have white-tipped tails. I have repeatedly noticed it in two races of Sitomys americanus; also occasionally in Mus musculus, Arvicola riparius, and Blarina brevicanda. It is thus especially noteworthy that in Zapus insignis this character, elsewhere merely accidental, should have become so fixed as to be practically diagnostic.

The skull of Zapus insignis closely resembles that of Z. hudsonius, but is throughout slightly broader and heavier, with a less highly arched brain case. Except for its somewhat larger size, the mandible shows no points of difference.

The teeth are all somewhat heavier than in Z. hudsonius and the crown of the middle upper molar appears in some specimens slightly longer proportionally.

In the original description of Z. *insiguis* it was suggested that the absence of the premolar might be due to the age of the specimens at hand and consequent shedding of the tooth. That this view is incorrect is conclusively shown by the material now available. Specimens of Z. *hudsonius* with teeth excessively worn still retain the premolar, while in Z. *insignis* I have never found a trace of this tooth, even in individuals so young that the posterior molar has not cut through the gums. I have seen

New to the United States.

but one specimen of Z. hudsonias in which the premolar is absent. This I suppose to be the skull from Pennsylvania referred to, on the authority of Mr. F. W. True, in the original description of Z. insignis. The specimen (No. $^{1684}_{558}$, United States National Museum, Upper Darby, Pa.) is in a very fragmentary condition, but one tooth row remaining in sita, and the maxilla being broken off close to the roots of the first molar. Under these circumstances no weight can be placed on the fact that the premolar is not to be found.

Nuu	nber.	Locality.	Date.		Total length.	Fail vertebræ.	Hind foot.	Bar from notch.	Measured.
Skin.	Skull.			Sex.	Tota	Tail	Hine	Bar	Mea
464	387	Restigouche river, N. B. "	Sept. 10, '80	Ŷ	225	126	30	12.8	1)ry.*
1		cc cc	" 8, '80 " 10, '80	0000	224	141	30.8	13	" +
1 190		Northumberland	June 2, '92	Q'	$\frac{235}{218}$	$\frac{140}{125}$	$\frac{30.4}{30}$	$14 \\ 16.4$	In al-
1438	• • • • • •	Co., N. B.	June 2, 92	0.	10	120	30	10.4	cohol.
4061	• • • • • • •	Godbout, P. Q., Canada.	Ang. 27, '85	Ŷ	240	158	32		** +
5785			June 10, '85	000	250	160	32.5		- 66 - T. T. T.
2	• • • • • •	Keene, Essex Co., N. Y.	Aug. 8, '90				29.6	14.6	Dry.%
8			" 10, '90	000	242	147	$\frac{31}{30.5}$	$\frac{14.2}{18}$	Fresh.
1376	1192	Elizabethtown, Essex Co., N.Y.	April 3, '92		242	147	0.0	10	Fresh.
1377	1193		"9, '92 "10, '92 "13, '92 Aug. 17, '92	3	238	146	30.8	18	
1378	1194	66 66 66 66	" 10, '92	201000		157	32.4	18	66
1379	1195		" 13, '92	O'	253	157.5	32	17.5	
1647	1443	Peterboro, Madi- son Co., N.Y.	Aug. 17, 92	d	235	146	31.4	17	
1656	1452		"	3	250	157	31.6	18.6	
1657	1453	66 66	• <u>23,</u> '92	᠙ᡐ᠈᠇ᡋ᠕ᢣᠥ᠇ᠦᡇ᠕ᢣᠦ᠇ᠦᡇ᠕᠕᠕	253	158	32	17.8	66
1658	1454	66 66	" 23, 292 " 23, 292 " 23, 292 " 23, 292	3	240	146	31	17.8	66
1659	1455	-6 66	" <u>23, '92</u>	d	243	150	31	17.6	66
1660	1456	66 66	$\begin{array}{c} & 23, 92 \\ & 25, 92 \end{array}$	¥	234	146	$\frac{30.8}{29.8}$	$17 \\ 17.2$	
1664	$\frac{14c0}{1461}$	66 66	$\begin{bmatrix} & & 25, 292 \\ & & 25, 292 \end{bmatrix}$	Ť	$\frac{239}{235}$	$145 \\ 144$	$\frac{29.8}{32}$	17.2 17	66
$\frac{1665}{1666}$	$1461 \\ 1462$		" 25, 92	TZ.	225	144	$\frac{32}{32.2}$	18	
1667	1463	66 66	- 25, 292	2	235	142	30	17	66
1673	1468		" 29 292	Ŷ	240	148	30	16.6	6.
1674	1469	66 66	··· 29, 292	ģ	237	142	30	17.2	. 6
1675	1470		6, 6, 9	Ŷ	228	133	30	17	66
1676	1471	66 66	" 29, '92	3	245	152	31.6	18	
1677	1472	66 66 62 66	" 29, '92	d	230	142	30	17	
1682	1477	66 66	Sept. 9, '92	¥	$\frac{231}{235}$	$143 \\ 141$	$\frac{29}{31}$	$16.6 \\ 17.4$	
$\frac{1713}{2000}$	1504	66 66	³⁴ 23, '92 Oct. 18, '92	S.	$\frac{259}{225}$	$141 \\ 138$	30 	17.4 15.8	In al-
2000	•••••		000 10, 02	+	-20	1000			cohol.
1972	• • • • • •	Chocorua, Carroll Co., N. H.	Sept., 1892			144	29.4	15	Dry.
1973		· · · · ·				147	31	15.6	64
1974						134	29.8	14	66
1975		66 66 66 66				138	29.8	15	66
1976	••••	66 66				138	30 28	$\frac{16}{15}$	· · ·
1977	• • • • • •					$138 \\ 157$	28 31	10 16	٤.
$1978 \\ 1070$	•••••		.6 .6			146	30.4	15.4	
$\frac{1979}{1980}$	•••••	cc cc				143	30.4	16.4	
1981		66 66				150	30.4	16	6.
	1							1	

Measurements of Forty Specimens of Zapus insignis.

*Type. †Collection of E. A. and O. Bangs, ‡Collection of Dr. C. Hart Merriam. ¿Collection of Chas. F. Batchelder,

6

New to the United States.

	ıber. Skull.	Locality.	Date.	Sex.	Total length.	Head and body.	Tail vertebræ.	Hind foot.	Ear from notch.
$\begin{array}{c} 787\\ 1414\\ 1836\\ 1840\\ 1841\\ 1842\\ 1846\\ 583\\ 583\\ 586\\ 585\\ 586\\ 587\\ 588\\ 620\\ 622\\ 623\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1614\\ 1618\\ 1619\\ 1620\\ 1624\\ 517\\ 518\\ 519\\ 520\\ 521\\ 522\\ 538\\ 539\\ 540\\ \end{array}$	Oak Bay, N. B a a a a a a a a a a a a peterboro, Madison Co ₂ N. Y. a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	Sept. 19, '91 Oct. 7, '91 	0+0+~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	$\begin{array}{c} 241\\ 190\\ 215\\ 203\\ 215\\ 225\\ 215\\ 225\\ 217\\ 198\\ 217\\ 214\\ 221\\ 2216\\ 208\\ 185\\ 217\\ \end{array}$		$\begin{array}{c} 148\\ 114\\ 134\\ 132\\ 138\\ 135\\ 140\\ 134\\ 143\\ 132\\ 135\\ 142\\ 135\\ 142\\ 139\\ 128\\ 116\\ 127\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 33\\ 28\\ 31.4\\ 31\\ 30.6\\ 31\\ 32\\ 30\\ 31.2\\ 30\\ 31.6\\ 31.5\\ 30\\ 29.6\\ 29.5\\ 28.8 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 13 \\ 11 \\ 12.4 \\ 11 \\ 11.6 \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ 12.8 \\ 13 \\ 12.8 \\ 13 \\ 12.8 \\ 13.8 \\ 13.8 \\ 12.8 \\ 13.4 \\ 12.2 \\ 10.5 \\ 13 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{c} 624\\ 625\\ 626\\ 627\\ 628\\ 630\\ 1622\\ 1635\\ 1636\\ 1646\\ 1650\\ 1663\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 541\\ 542\\ 543\\ 544\\ 545\\ 546\\ 547\\ 1419\\ 1432\\ 1433\\ 1442\\ 1446\\ 1459\\ \end{array}$		$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	ᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳᡐᡀᡐᠯᡐᡐᡐᡐᢙᢙᢙᢙᢙᢙᢙᢙᠯᡨᡨᡐᡐᡇᡇᢣᠥᢣᡐᡇᡐ	$\begin{array}{c} 215\\ 231\\ 214\\ 219\\ 194\\ 209\\ 200\\ 215\\ 205\\ 200\\ 202\\ 203\\ 203\\ \end{array}$		$\begin{array}{c} 137 \\ 152 \\ 129 \\ 132 \\ 122 \\ 128 \\ 122 \\ 124 \\ 131 \\ 128 \\ 120 \\ 125 \\ 124 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 30.4\\ 31.4\\ 30\\ 27.5\\ 29\\ 28\\ 31\\ 30.4\\ 30\\ 29\\ 28\\ 28\\ 28\\ 28\\ 28\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12.4\\ 13\\ 12\\ 11.4\\ 12\\ 11.4\\ 11\\ 14.6\\ 13\\ 12.8\\ 13\\ 13\\ 13\\ \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{c} 1669\\ 1679\\ 1703\\ 1704\\ 1705\\ 1427\\ 1944\\ 1945\\ 1946\\ 1947\\ 1948\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1464\\ 1474\\ 1495\\ 1496\\ 1239\\ 4718\\ 1719\\ 1720\\ 1721\\ 1722\\ \end{array}$	u u u u u u u u u u u u Wareham,Plymouth Co., Mass. u	 20, '92 Sept. 7, '92 17, '92 17, '92 17, '92 47, '92 47, '92 May 28, '92 July 13, '92 Aug. 18, '92 July 7, '92 13, '92 Aug. 12, '92 	07-07-07-01-01-07-07-07-07-07-07-07-07-07-07-07-07-07-	198 198 229 205 208	88 65 89 86 63.5 83	$121 \\ 118 \\ 129 \\ 120 \\ 125 \\ 128 \\ 123.5 \\ 131 \\ 148 \\ 117 \\ 137 \\ 137 \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 28\\ 29.6\\ 30.8\\ 29.6\\ 30\\ 29\\ 28\\ 29.5\\ 29.5\\ 29.5\\ 27\\ 30.5\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12.8 \\ 13.8 \\ 14.4 \\ 14 \\ 10 \\ \dagger \\ 10.5 \\ 8.5 \\ 12.5 \\ 10 \\ 14 \end{array}$

Measurements of Forty Specimens of Zapus hudsonius.

*Collected by H. H. McAdam.

*†*Collected by Outram Bangs.

Number	$387 \\ 464$	1*	$1194 \\ 1378$	$\begin{array}{c}1195\\1379\end{array}$	$1452 \\ 1656$	1469 1674
Sex	\$ 94	3	3	3	3	1074 Ç
Basilar length	18.5	19	19	19.8	20	19.8
Basilar length of Hensel Zygomatic breadth	$16.8 \\ 12.4$	$16.8 \\ 12.2$	$17.4 \\ 12.8$	$17.8 \\ 13$	$17.8 \\ 13$	$17.4 \\ 12.8$
Mastoid breadth Interorbital constriction Greatest length of nasals	$10.2 \\ 4.8 \\ 9.2$	$ \begin{array}{r} 10.3 \\ 5 \\ 9 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 10.6 \\ 5 \\ \overline{9.8} \end{array} $	$ 11 \\ 5 \\ 10 $	$\frac{11}{5}$ 10.6	$ \begin{array}{c} 10.6 \\ 5 \\ 9.4 \end{array} $
Incisor to molar Incisor to post-palatal notch	9.2 6 8.8	6.5 8.8	9.8 10.8 10.8	$\frac{10}{6}$	10.0 6.4 9	$6 \\ 9$
Foramen magnum to post-pala- tal notch.	7.8	7.8	8.4	8.8	8.8	8.6
Upper molar series along crowns. Basioccipital to middle of pari-	3.7	3.7	-1	-1	3.8	3.8
etal Fronto-palatal depth at middle	7.6	8.5	7.4	7.8	7.4	8
of molar series Greatest length of mandible	12 12		6 12	$\frac{6}{12.4}$	$6.4 \\ 12.8 $	$6.2 \\ 12.2$
Lower molar series along crowns,	-4	+	-+	-1	4	4

Cranial Measurements of Six Specimens of Zapus insignis.

*Collection of E. A. and O. Bangs.

Number	$519 \\ 585$	540 623	541 624	542 625	$\begin{array}{c}5&4&3\\6&2&6\end{array}$	547 631
Sex	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	3
Basilar length	18.2	18.2	17.4	17	17	17
Basilar length of Hensel	16.2	16.4	15.4	15	16.2	15.8
Zygomatic breadth	11.2	11.8	11.2	10.8	11	11.2
Mastoid breadth		10	10	9.8	10	10
Interorbital constriction		4.2	4	4.2	4.2	4.4
Greatest length of nasals	-8.6	-9.2	8.6	8.2	8.6	8.6
Incisor to molar	6	5.4	6	5.2	6	-5.2
Incisor to post-palatal notch	8.4	8.2	8.4	7.8	8.2	8
Foramen magnum to post-pala-						
tal notch	7.4	8.2	7.4	8	8	8
Upper molar series along crowns.	- 3	3.2	3	3	3	3
Basioccipital to middle of pari-						
etal	-8.2	8	8	8.2	7.4	8
Fronto-parietal depth at middle						
of molar series	5.6	5.8	6	5.8	6	5.8
Greatest length of mandible	11.4	11.8	11	11.4	11	10.4
Length of lower molar series						
along crowns	3.4	<u>3.2</u>	-3.2	3.4	3.2	3.4

Cranial	Weasurements	of Sir Specimens	s of Zapus hudsoniu	9
<i>x,runuu</i>	measurements	ој за зреснисна	s of zapus nucleonia	5.